



LAW Curriculum Intent: Start to End Point Mapping – Curriculum Sequence Grids



Year 12	Term 1		Term 2		Term 3	
Unit(s)	<u>3.1 The nature of law and the English Legal System</u> <u>3.2 Criminal Law</u>	<u>3.2 Criminal Law</u>	<u>3.1 The nature of law and the English Legal System</u> <u>3.2 Criminal Law</u>	<u>3.1 The nature of law and the English Legal System</u>	<u>3.1 The nature of law and the English Legal System</u> <u>3.3 Tort</u>	<u>3.3 Tort</u>
Key Retainable Knowledge & Skills	<p>The legal system: the criminal courts and lay people</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic understanding of the criminal process including the classification of offences, and the appeal system. Criminal court powers and sentencing of adult offenders. The role of lay people: the role and powers of magistrates in criminal courts and the role of juries in criminal courts. The advantages and disadvantages of using juries in criminal courts. <p>The legal system: legal personnel and the judiciary</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic understanding of the different roles of barristers, solicitors and legal executives. Basic understanding of the regulation of legal personnel. The judiciary: types of judge. The role of judges in civil and criminal courts. The independence of the judiciary: security of tenure, immunity from suit, independence from the Executive. Reason for and advantages of judicial independence and the methods by which it is achieved. <p>The legal system: access to justice and funding</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic understanding of alternative sources of legal advice: help lines, Citizens Advice Bureau (CAB), law centres and trade unions. 	<p>Fatal offences against the person</p> <p>Common law offence of murder: voluntary manslaughter:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> loss of control (s54 Coroners and Justice Act 2009) diminished responsibility (s2 Homicide Act 1957 as amended). <p>Common law offence of involuntary manslaughter:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> unlawful act manslaughter gross negligence manslaughter. <p>Non-fatal offences against the person</p> <p>Common assault:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> assault battery. <p>Offences Against the Person Act 1861:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> s47 assault/battery occasioning actual bodily harm s20 unlawful and malicious wounding or inflicting grievous bodily harm s18 unlawful and malicious wounding or causing grievous bodily harm with intent to cause grievous bodily harm. 	<p>Property offences</p> <p>Theft (s1 Theft Act 1968). Robbery (s8 Theft Act 1968).</p> <p>Preliminary offence</p> <p>Attempt (s1 Criminal Attempts Act 1981).</p> <p>Defences (Capacity defences)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Insanity. Automatism. Intoxication. <p>Defences (Necessity defences)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Self-defence/prevention of crime. Duress. Duress of circumstances. <p>Nature of law: law and morality</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The distinction between law and morality and the diversity of moral views in a pluralist society. The relationship between law and morality and its importance. The legal enforcement of moral values. 	<p>Law making: judicial precedent</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The doctrine of judicial precedent. The hierarchy of the courts including the Supreme Court. Stare decisis, ratio decidendi and obiter dicta; law reporting in outline and the reasons for it. The operation of judicial precedent: following, overruling and distinguishing. The advantages and disadvantages of the doctrine of judicial precedent and the operation of precedent. <p>Law making: statutory interpretation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The rules of statutory interpretation: literal, golden and mischief rules; the purposive approach. Internal (intrinsic) and external (extrinsic) aids. The impact of European Union law and of the Human Rights Act 1998 on statutory interpretation. The advantages and disadvantages of the 	<p>The legal system: the civil courts and other forms of dispute resolution</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic understanding of civil courts, including the track system and the appeal system. Other forms of dispute resolution: outline of the tribunal structure and the role of tribunals. The roles of mediation and negotiation. <p>The rules of tort law</p> <p>Rules and principles concerning liability and fault in actions for negligence, occupiers' liability, nuisance and vicarious liability, and associated defences and remedies.</p> <p>Theory of tort law</p> <p>Analysis and evaluation of when tort law imposes liability, with particular reference to the issues specified below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> basic understanding of the public policy factors governing the imposition of a duty of care (the Caparo three-part test) in a claim for physical injury to people and damage to property basic understanding of the policy factors 	<p>Liability in negligence for economic loss and psychiatric injury</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Liability for pure economic loss caused by negligent acts and negligent misstatements. Liability for psychiatric injury sustained by primary and secondary victims. <p>Remedies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic understanding of compensatory damages for physical injury to people, damage to property and economic loss; basic understanding of the principle of mitigation of loss. Injunctions. <p>Occupiers' liability</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Liability in respect of visitors (Occupiers' Liability Act 1957). Liability in respect of trespassers (Occupiers' Liability Act 1984)



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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Private funding: own resources, insurance and conditional fee agreements. Basic understanding of public funding: criminal and civil state funding. <p>The rules of criminal law</p> <p>Rules and principles concerning general elements of criminal liability and liability for offences against the person, property offences and attempt.</p> <p>General elements of liability</p> <p>Actus reus:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> conduct; acts and omissions and state of affairs voluntariness and involuntariness causation consequences. <p>Additional fault elements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> mens rea; intention and subjective recklessness negligence transferred malice. <p>No fault: strict liability.</p> <p>Coincidence of actus reus and mens rea.</p>			<p>different approaches to statutory interpretation.</p> <p>Theory in criminal law</p> <p>Harm as the basis for criminalising conduct. Autonomy, fault and individual responsibility. Principles in formulating rules of criminal law:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> fair labelling correspondence maximum certainty no retrospective liability. <p>Nature of law: law and justice</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The meaning of justice and theories of justice. The extent to which the law (civil and/or criminal) achieves justice. <p>Nature of law: law and society</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The role law plays in society. The effect of law on enforceable rights and the balance required between competing interests (eg public and private). The meaning and importance of fault in civil and/or criminal law. 	<p>governing imposition of liability for pure economic loss and psychiatric injury</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> basic understanding of the factors governing the objective standard of care in an action for negligence basic understanding of the factors governing the grant of an injunction as a remedy, and the way in which conflicting interests are balanced basic understanding of the nature and purpose of vicarious liability. <p>Liability in negligence for physical injury to people and damage to property</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Duty of care: the 'neighbour' principle; the Caparo three-part test. Breach of duty: the objective standard of care. Damage: factual causation and legal causation (remoteness of damage). 	
<p>Key Technical Vocabulary</p>	<p>Explain, assess, advise, suggest, consider, examine, discuss, magistrates, judges, juror, jury, lay people, criminal, barrister, solicitor, legal executive, citizens advice bureau, appeal, actus reus, mens rea, liability, causation, contemporaneity, coincidence, recklessness,</p>	<p>Explain, assess, advise, suggest, consider, examine, discuss, actus reus, mens rea, liability, causation, contemporaneity, coincidence, recklessness, negligence, oblique intent,</p>	<p>Explain, assess, advise, suggest, consider, examine, discuss, actus reus, mens rea, liability, causation, contemporaneity, coincidence, recklessness, negligence, oblique intent, omission, offence, statute, transferred malice, morality,</p>	<p>Explain, assess, advise, suggest, consider, examine, discuss, doctrine, precedent, damages, civil law, tort, negligence, green papers, white papers, obiter dicta, parliamentary supremacy, ratio decidendi, stare</p>	<p>Explain, assess, advise, suggest, consider, examine, discuss, doctrine, precedent, damages, civil law, tort, negligence, green papers, white papers, obiter dicta, parliamentary supremacy,</p>	<p>Explain, assess, advise, suggest, consider, examine, discuss</p>



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	negligence, oblique intent, omission, offence, statute, transferred malice	omission, offence, statute, transferred malice	consent, duress, insanity, automatism, intoxication.	decisis, statute, statutory interpretation	ratio decidendi, stare decisis, statute, statutory interpretation	
Opportunities for Reading	All opportunities for reading are applicable to all terms: Current news articles http://www.guardian.co.uk/law/series/student-guide The Student Lawyer The Twitter feed of the New Weekly Law Journal: @newlawjournal The Independent • The Telegraph • The Guardian and Twitter @GdnLaw Harper Lee, To Kill a Mocking Bird Franz Kafka, The Trial					
Developing Cultural Capital	Wider reading of current events and legal cases for review.	Wider reading of current events and legal cases for review.	Wider reading of current events and legal cases for review.	Wider reading of current events and legal cases for review.	Wider reading of current events and legal cases for review.	Wider reading of current events and legal cases for review.
Cross Curricular Links (Authentic Connections)	Criminology Politics	Criminology	SMSC RS	Politics		
Key Assessment	Students will be assessed within lessons via questioning. Assessment will include a 30 mark question on The Legal System and Criminal Law.	Students will be assessed within lessons via questioning. Assessment will include a 30 mark question on The Legal System and Criminal Law.	Students will be assessed within lessons via questioning. Assessment will include a 30 mark question on The Legal System and Criminal Law.	Students will be assessed within lessons via questioning. Assessment will include a 30 mark question on The nature of law.	Students will be assessed within lessons via questioning. Assessment will include a 30 mark question on The Legal System and Tort law.	Students will be assessed within lessons via questioning. Assessment will include a 30 mark question on The Legal System and Tort law.